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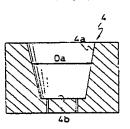
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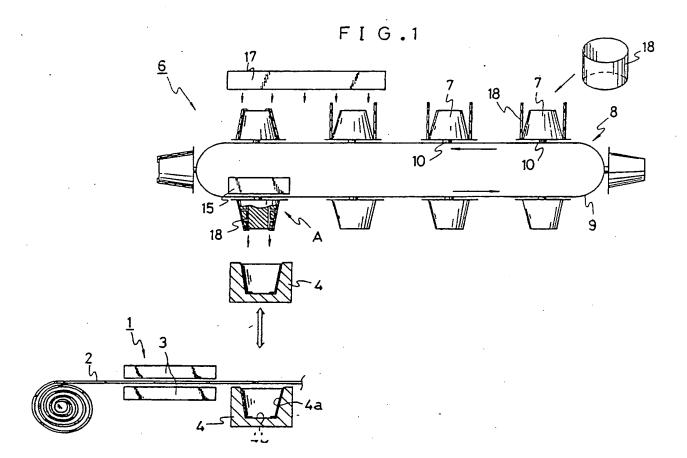
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- Method of manufacturing labeled objects. method of manufacturing labelled containers utilizing said method, and labeling preformer apparatus for use in carrying out the method.
- The invention relates to a method of manufacturing a synthetic resin molded article, such as a container having a label affixed to the outer periphery thereof, and an apparatus for use in carrying out the method. Hitherto, it has not been easy to mold a container and simultaneously affix a label to its outer periphery integrally therewith and often it has been practically impossible to accurately and neatly such operation depending upon the shape and position of the label. The invention is intended to solve the foregoing problems with the prior art by preforming a label inserted in a molding die to the desired size

and shape by using heat shrinking means and not by mechanically bending the label or otherwise for being shaped to the size and configuration conforming to the interior of the die. The label is of a heat shrinkable material and is preformed so as to conform to the inner configuration of the molding die and to serve for the reinforcement of the container. A labelling preformer apparatus comprising a preformer die and a lebel heating device is employed for this purpose. Label preforming and labeled container manufacturing may be carried out continuously by employing a conveyor.

F[G.2(b)





Method of Manufacturing Labelled Objects, Method of Manufacturing Labelled Containers Utilizing Said Method, and Labeling Preformer Apparatus for Use in Carrying Out the Method

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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1. Field of the Invention

This invention relates to a method for manufacturing a synthetic resin molded article, principally in the form of a container, having a label affixed to the outer periphery thereof, and an apparatus for use in carrying out the method.

2. Description of Background Art

Hitherto, it has been known to manufacture a labeled container by employing means as, for example, shown in FIG. 10.

This prior art means is of such arrangement that a label 18e made of paper or the like material is inserted into a molding die 4 as shown in FIG. 10 (a), then a resin sheet 2 is forced into the die 4 by means of a plug 5, as shown in FIG. 10 (b), for being formed into a container configuration. According to such arrangement, it is possible to allow the label 18e to be integrally affixed to the outer periphery of a container simultaneously with the container being fromed, whereby a series of manufacturing operation involved can be simplified.

In such operation, if the label 18e is to be sightly held in close contact with the side of the container, it is necessary that the label 18e must be precisely precontoured to the interior of the die 4. For cutting and shaping the label 18e, therefore, it has been usual practice to arrange that, if the interior of the die 4 is of truncated conical shape, for example, a sheet meterial 22e punched to a desired sectorial shape as shown in FIG. 11 is rolled to shape and locked at both ends 24, 24 into unity.

With the above described prior art means of fabrication, however, it is very difficult to shape the planar sheet material 22e by rolling or otherwise into a three dimensional label of the desired size and configuration; such operation is very complicated, inefficient, and costly.

Furthermore, such manufacturing method makes it inevitable that production involves some dimensional variation and error, which in turn would often result in creases and looseness caused to the label affixed to the outer periphery of the container, or unsightly appearance of the container itself.

. According to the prior art method, the variety of label shape which can be produced from one

piece of sheet material is limited: the sheet material can be formed at the best into a label of truncated conical shape. It is extremely difficult to obtain a more complex label shape. For example, where it is required that the label 18e has bents 18a formed at its bottom portion as shown in FIG. 12, the prior art method cannot be applied. A similar problem arises where it is necessary to produce, for example, an elliptic label 18f, an angular label 18g having rounded corners, and a label 18h having a three dimensional curved surface, as shown in FIGS. 13 (a), (b), (c).

Therefore, it is a primary object of the invention to facilitate the process of molding synthetic resin into a resin article such as a labeled container wherein a label is previously inserted into a molding die, by employing simple operating means to enable the label to be accurately contoured to the desired size and shape conforming to the interior configuration of the molding die, thereby enabling proper and efficient production of labeled article in which the label is free from crease or the like.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention is intended to solve the foregoing problems with the prior art by preforming a label inserted in a molding die to the desired size and shape by using heat shrinking means and not by mechanically bending the label or otherwise for being shaped to the size and configuration conforming to the interior of the die.

According to a first aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of manufacturing a labeled article wherein a tubular label 18 is first inserted into a molding die 4 along the inner surface thereof and then hot melt or heated and softened synthetic resin 2 is molded to the interior shape of the molding die 4 so that the label 18 is integrally formed with the synthetic resin 2, characterized in that said tubular label 18 is of a heat shrinkable material and, prior to being inserted into the molding die 4, the label 18 is fitted over a preformer die 7 having an outer periphery 7a corresponding in size and shape to the inner periphery 4a of the molding die 4 and heat-shrunk for being preformed to the size and shape conforming to the outer periphery 7a of said preformer die 7.

According to a second aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of manufacturing a labeled article using the above method, characterized in that during the process of heat shrinking the

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tubular label 18 fitted over the preformer die 7, one end of the label 18 is shrunk along an end portion 7b of the preformer die 7 which is formed to a size and shape conforming to the size and shape of an inner bottom portion 4b of the molding die 4, whereby to create inwardly oriented bends 18a at one end of the label 18, said bends 18a being positioned at the bottom of the molded synthetic resin 2 as a container.

According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided a labeling preformer apparatus for carrying out the above methods, comprising a preformer die 7 including an outer periphery 7a contoured to the size and shape conforming to at least the inner periphery 4a of the molding die 4, and a label heating device 17 for heating and shrinking a tubular label 18 fitted over said preformer die 7.

According to another aspect of the invention, in said labeling preformer apparatus, the preformer die 7 is cyclically movably mounted on a conveyor 8, and the conveyor 8 is so arranged that the preformer die 7 can be turned upside down at a location downstream of the position of a label heating device 17 so that the label 18 fitted over the preformer die 7 and heated and shrunk by the label heating device is allowed to fall into the molding die 4 disposed under the conveyor 8.

In the first mentioned method, the label 18 fitted over the preformer die 7 for being heated and shrunk is preformed as a label 18 having a size and shape just conforming to the outer periphery 7a of the preformer die 7, with little or no dimensional error.

The preformer die 7 is preset to the size and shape conforming to the inner configuration of the moding die 4, and accordingly the label 18 preformed to the size and shape of the preformer die 7 is subsequently accurately inserted in position along the inner surface of the molding die 4. Therefore, the label 18 is free from any crease or looseness due to dimensional error, and the resin 2 itself as a molding material is not liable to be affected in its molding performance by a label 18 inconsistent with the molding die 4, it being thus possible to obtain a molded article molded to the desired shape conforming to the interior configuration of the molding die 4.

Preforming of the label 18 is carried out by heat shringking the tubular label 18 as fitted over the preformer die 7. The heat shrinking operation can be easily performed without involving any particular trouble. Especially where the label 18 is fabricated in tube form that is ready for being fitted over the preformer die 7, the label 18 may be simply cut to any size suitable for that purpose, there being no necessity of fabricating it precisely to the required size.

In the second mentioned method, when the label 18 is heat shrunk to conform to the preformer die 7, one end of the label 18 is bent inwardly to form a bend 18a. Therefore, by inserting such label 18 into the molding die 4 in connection with container molding, it is possible to manufacture a labeled container of the type in which a bent 18a of the label 18 is present at the bottom of the container, which has hitherto been considered extremely difficult to produce.

Where the label preformer apparatus is employed, after a tubular label 18 is fitted over the preformer mold 7, the label 18 is heated by the label heating device 17 for being preformed into the required size and shape. Therefore, the apparatus can be advantageously employed in carrying out the method of manufacturing a labeled container according to the invention.

Further, according to the arrangement that the preformer die 7 is cyclically moved by means of a conveyor 8 so that the preformer die 7 can be turned upside down at and after a location past the position of the label heating device 17, the label 18 which has passed through the process of heat shrinking and preforming can be allowed to drop directly into the molding die 4 disposed under the conveyor 8 for insertion into position.

As described above, according to the invention, a label of a heat shrinkable material is used and, before the label is inserted into the moding die, the label is heat shrunk to be preformed to conform to the preformer die set to the size and shape conforming to the inner periphery of the molding die. Therefore, the label so preformed has the desired size and shape conforming accurately to the inner periphery of the container molding die, and thus subsequent container molding operation involves no occurrence of such label crease or slack due to dimensional errors with the label itself as has often been encountered in the past, or no possibility of the container formed being adversely affected by such error with the label so that it is of unsightly appearance. Accordingly, it is possible to obtain a beautiful labeled article and, in addition, for label preforming, no particular care is required to ensure that the label be accurately contoured to the interior configuration of the die, it being only necessary to make the label in such a tube form as can be fitted over the preformer die.

As such, label forming operation prior to the insertion of the label into the molding die can be considerably simplified to enable labels to be easily manufactured; and at same time labeled products can be manufactured at relatively low cost.

More particularly, the invention makes it possible to insert a label in place in connection with the manufacture of resin products having three dimensional surfaces, such as spherical or the like sur-

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faces, without crease and with sightly effect, which has hitherto been considered extremely difficult. Thus, the invention can be advatageously employed in various kinds of labeled articles.

According to the arrangement of the invention for shrinking one end of the lable to conform to a specified one end of the preformer die when the label is preformed by heat shrinking to conform to the preformer die, one end of the label is inwardly bent to form a bend. Therefore, by carrying out container molding while inserting the label so preformed into the container molding die, it is possible to manufacture a labeled container having high strength characteristics in which a bent portion of the label is present at the bottom of the container which has hitherto been considered to be extremely difficult to manufacture.

Further, according to the label preforing apparatus of the invention which comprises a preformer die and a label heating device, after a tubular label is fitted over the preformer device, the label is heated by the label heating device, being thereby preformed to the required size and shape. This provides a suitable and practical apparatus for carrying out the method of manufacturing a labeled container according to the invention.

According to the arrangement of the invention such that the preformer die is cyclically movable on the conveyor so that the preformer die can be turned upside down when it has passed the location of the label heating device, the label which has been heat shrunk and preformed is allowed to drop directly into the container molding die disposed under the conveyor, which permits smooth and quick shifting from the stage of label preforming to the stage of container molding to thus ensure improved operating efficiency with respect to a series of operation involved.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is an explanatory view showing by way of example an apparatus for manufacturing a labeled container in accordance with the invention;

FIG. 2 (a) is a fragmentary sectional view showing by way of example a preformer die; FIG. 2 (b) is a sectional view showing by way of example a molding die:

FIG. 3 is a label in a condition prior to its being preformed; FIG. 3(a) is a sectional view thereof; FIG. 3(b) is a perspective view showing the stage of fabrication thereof;

FIG. 4 is sectional view showing label preforming operation;

FIG. 5 is a fragmentary sectional view showing the operation of inserting the label into the

molding die;

FIGS. 6(a), (b), (c), and (d) are sectional views showing stages of labeled container manufacturing;

FIG. 7 is a sectional view showing a manufactured labeled container;

FIGS. 8(a), (b), (c), (d) are explanatory views showing another embodiment of the invention;

FIG. 9 illustrates another embodiment of the invention in which the injection molding technique is applied; FIG. 9(a) being a sectional view as in the stage of preforming; FIG. 9(b) being a sectional view as in the stage of injection molding; and FIG. 9(c) being a partially cutaway sectional view in perspective of a product as manufactured;

FIGS. 10 and 11 illustrate prior art arrangements; FIG. 10(a) and 10(b) being fragmentary sectional views; and FIG. 11 being a perspective view showing the stage of label forming; and

FIGS. 12 and 13 illustrate other forms of labels; FIG. 12 being a sectional view; and FIGS. 13 (a), (b), (c) being perspective views.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODI-MENTS

Embodiments of the invention will now be described.

(Embodiments of Apparatus)

Arrangement of the apparatus will be first described. In FIG. 1, numeral 1 generally designates a known container molding apparatus which includes a heater 3 for heating a resin sheet 2, a molding die 4 as a female mold, and parts such as a pressure forming plug and a blanking blade which will be hereinafter described.

Numeral 6 designates a label preforming apparatus provided as an operating stage prior to the container molding apparatus 1. Referring to the apparatus 6, numeral 7 designates preformer dies mounted at a predetermined pitch to a cyclically movable belt 9 of a conveyor 8 at a plurality of locations through attachments 10.

Each preformer die 7, as shown in FIG. 2(a), is of such arrangement that an outer periphery 7a defined above a collar shaped base plate 13 of the die 7 and a front end portion 7b correspond respectively to an inner periphery 4a and an inner bottom portion 4b of the molding die 4 shown in FIG. 2 (b). The outer diameter D of the preformer die 7 is set to be smaller than the inner dimension Da of the container molding die 7 by a value corresponding the thickness of a label 18 which will be described hereinafter. The outer periphery 7a

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and front end portion 7b of the preformer die 7 are embossed or silicon treated so as to provide good releasing characteristics relative to any material having adhesivity. Numeral 14 designates air discharge holes suitably bored in the upper end portion 7b and outer periphery of each preformer die. Numeral 15 designates a compression air supply unit for supplying compression air into the preformer die 7 so that air is discharged through the air discharge holes bored in the preformer die 7 when the preformer die 7 has reached a position A at the underside of the conveyor 8 as shown in FIG. 1.

Numeral 17 designates label heating devices disposed at one side, or both at one side and above, an upper side conveyor pair of the conveyor 8 at a downstream location thereof, for which a far infrared radiating ceramic heater or hot air blower or the like may be employed.

(Examples of Manufacturing Method)

Nextly, the method of manufacturing a labeled container by employing the above described arrangement will be explained.

A label 18 of the type as shown in FIG. 3 is first prepared. The label 18 is comprised of a heat-shrinkable synthetic resin film 19, e. g., of stretched polypropylene, having on its inner surface a print layer 20 bearing product description or the like and further on the inner surface a heat sensitive adhesive layer 21 formed by chrolinated polypropylene resin coating or otherwise.

The label 18 may be simply formed into a suitable tubular shape by joining both ends 25, 25a of a rectagular sheet 22 as shown in FIG. 3(b). Even if the interior of the molding die 4 is inverted truncated cone shaped, the label need not be of similar configuration; the label may be formed into a tube shape having a larger diameter.

After a tubular label 18 is fitted over each preformer die 7 as it is delivered forward on the conveyor 8 of the preforming apparatus 6, the label 18 as so fitted is tranported to the location of the heating device 17 for heating, whereby shrinkage is caused to the label 18 the base material of which is a heat shrinkable film 19 so that, as FIG. 4 shows, the label 18 is preformed to conform to the taperered configuration of the outer periphery 7a of the preformer die 7. Through this stage of preforming the label 18 can be precisely contoured to the size and shape of the preformer die 7. Further, by setting the height of the label 18 to be larger than that of the preformer die 7, an uppoer portion of the label 18 is inwardly bent along the front end portion 7b of the preformer die 7 under heat shrinking action thereof, a bent portion 18a being thus formed.

After completion of the preforming stage as above described, the label 18 is inserted into the molding die 4. For this purpose, the molding die 4 is previously transferred from the container molding apparatus 1 to a location right under position A of the conveyor 8 as shown in FIG. 1, so that when the label 18 is transferred to the position A, the label 18 is caused to fall directly into the molding die 4. At the position A, the preformer die 7 is turned upside down with its lower side sized diametrically smaller, and in addition, the surface of the preformer die 7 provides good release characteristics because it is embossed or silicon treated; therefore, the label 18 can be easily removed for falling by itself. By discharging air through the air discharge holes 14 of the preformer die 7, operation for release of the label 18 can be automatically forcibly carried out.

Subsequently, each molding die 4 into which the label 18 has been inserted is transferred to the container molding apparatus 1 for package molding as shown in FIG. 1. For this operation, known packaging forming means may be applied. A thermoplastic resin sheet 2 heated and softened by heaters 3 is first disposed above the molding die 4, and then as shown in FIG. 6(a) the resin sheet 2 is pushed downward by a plug 5 for entry into the label 18. Subsequently, the resin sheet 2 is radially dilated as shown in FIG. 6(b) through compressed air supply (for which heated air is used as requred) from the plug 5 and concurrently by drawing a vacuum with respect to the interior of the molding die 4, for molding to conform to the interior configuration of the molding die 4. The label 18 is accurately and firmly brought in adhesion contact through its interopr heat sensitive adhesive layer 21 with the resin sheet 2 formed into a container. Then, as shown in FIGS. 6(c), 6(d), the molded resin 2 is removed from the molding die 4 and cut into separate containers by the blanking blade 16.

The label 18 previously inserted into the molding mold 4 is one preformed to a size and shape conforming to the interior of the molding die 4. Therefore, the label 18 involves no undue gap with the resin sheet 2 molded along the interior configuration of the molding die 4 and thus the outer surface of the label 18 is flush at all portions with the resin sheet 2. The label 18 is not liable to any appreciable crease or slack, and in no case can dilation molding of the resin sheet 2 be unduly restricted by the label 18.

The labeled container manufactured in manner as above mentioned is such that, as a matter of course, the label 18 is affixed to the outer periphery of a container body 23 in flush relation thereto as shown in FIG. 7, and in addition, a bend 18a of the label 18 is positioned on the bottom 23a of the container body 23a in flush relation thereto as well.

In such a container, the container body 23 is reinforced by a monolithic label 18 placed over an outer peripheral surface extending from the bottom 23a and, therefore, the strength of the container is considerably increased. As such, even though the container body 23 is made of a resin material with no particular strength advantage, its thickness can be reduced, which can contribute to resource saving. Since the bend 18a of the label 18 is flush with the bottom 23a of the container body 23, the bend 18a is unlikely to catch any irregularity on a table or cause a damage thereto if it is drawn over the table.

However, according to the invention, such a bend 18a is not necessarily provided on the label 18 as in the above described embodiment. The label 18 may be formed simply as a tubular label 18 placed over the outer periphery of the container body as shown in FIG. 10.

In the foregoing embodiment, the label 18 is formed of a stretched polypropylene material; but other materials, such as polystyrene, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, polyester, expanded polystyrene, and expanded polypropylene, may be similarly employed. Further, in order to add heat insulation characteristics to the label and in turn to the container, the label 18 may include an intumescent coating of an intumescent ink containing a microcapsule which will expand upon heating, as provided, for example, between the print layer 20 and the adhesive layer 21 in FIG. 3, not to mention the use of foamed thin sheets, such as, expanded polystyrene and expanded polypropylene. In this case, the position at which such intumescent coating is provided is not limited to the above noted one may be changed as required. Means for provision of such heat insulating characteristics are not limited to the one mentioned above and, of course, any other suitable means may be employed.

Such arrangement as shown in FIG. 8 may be made. That is, after a bend 18a is formed at the upper end of the label 18 as shown in FiG. 8(a), an auxiliary label 18k formed of a separate material is affixed on top of the label 18 as shown in FIG. 8(b), and then the label 18 is integrally combined with the resin sheet 2 as shown in FIGS. 8(c) and (d). This means provide an advantage that the label 18 is placed over the entire bottom surface of the resin sheet formed into the container so that the heat insulation and strength of the container can be further improved. The auxiriary label 18k may be provided with perforations 30 so as to cause no inconvenience to vacuum drawing operation within the container molding die 4. For the purpose of such arrangement, means other than preforming are employed to a certain extent, and it is understood in this connection that the invention embraces such means within its technical scope.

In the present invention, the configuration of each molding die 4 and/or preforming die is not limited to the one earlier described, nor is the way of resin forming limited to the one using a resin sheet as described with respect to the embodiment.

For example, such injection molding technique as shown in FIG. 9 may be employed. In this case, as FIG. 9(b) shows, a pair of injection molding dies 4, 4A, female and male, are used, in which with the label 18 inserted into the female die 4 along the inner periphery thereof, molten resin is injected into the cavity of the dies 4, 4A for molding. According to the invention, even in case of injection molding, by previously heat-shrinking a tubular label 18 fitted over a preformer die 7 having an outer periphery 7a of same size and shape as the inner periphery 4a of the female die 4 as shown in FIG. 9(a), it is possible to cause the label 18 to accurately conform to the inner periphery 4a of the female die

Therefore, even if the outer surface of the resin 2 formed into the container by injection molding has a three dimensional curved surface, e. g., spherical, the label 18 can be finished to such a sightly appearance without any crease as shown in FIG. 9(c).

As may be appreciated from this, according to the invention, resin molding means to be employed after preforming of the label is not particularly specified. Any mothod of resin molding by employing the molding die 4 after insertion in place of the tubular lebel 18 along the interior surface of the molding die 4 may be employed.

In the method claimed in claim 1, the molded object is not limited to a container. The invention is applicable as well to various kinds of resin-made objects other than containers. Needless to say, Therefore, the configuration and other particulars of the moding die 4 used are not limited.

The preformer die 7 used in the invention is required to have an outer periphery 7a of such size and shape as will at least conform to the inner periphery 4a of the molding die 4, but its size and shape at other sites need not be in conformance to the interior of the molding die 4. The term "conformance" or "conform" referred to herein is not particularly limited to high precision conformance in size and shape. Any error within practically tolerable limits is permissible. The size of the preformer die 7 is such that it is smaller than the molding die 4 by a value corresponding to the thickness of the label 18, but wherever practically permissible, it is understood that it may be smaller by a value greater than the thickness of the label 18.

In the label preforming apparatus according to the invention, it is not always necessary to arrange

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that a plurality of preformer dies 7 are cyclically moved by the conveyor 8. The apparatus may comprise one preformer die 7 and one label heating device 17 only. The preformer die 7 may be stationarily desposed.

Particular arrangement of individual units of the apparatus may be varied in design as required.

For the purpose of turning the preformer die 7 upside down to allow the label 18 from the preformer die 7 into the molding die 4, it is of course possible to employ a device which mechanically grasps the outer surface of the label 18 to draw it down into the molding die 4, instead of providing air discharge holes 14 on the outer surface of the molding die 4 as in the above described embodiment.

Claims

- 1. A method of manufacturing a labeled article wherein a tubular label is first inserted into a molding die along the inner surface thereof and then hot melt or heated and softened synthetic resin is molded to the interior shape of the molding die so that the label is integrally formed with the synthetic resin, characterized in that said tubular label is of a heat shrinkable material and, prior to being inserted into the molding die, the label is fitted over a preformer die having an outer periphery corresponding in size and shape to the inner periphery of the molding die and heat-shrunk for being preformed to the size and shape conforming to the outer periphery of said preformer die.
- 2. A method of manufacturing a labeled article as set forth in claim 1, wherein after the label is inserted in place along the inner periphery of the molding die as a female mold, a resin sheet of a thermoplastic material which has been heated and softened is molded into a container conforming to the inner surface of the molding die.
- 3. A method of manufacturing a labeled article as set forth in claim 1, wherein after the label is inserted in place along the inner periphery of the female one of a pair of molding dies, molten synthetic resin is injected into the cavity of the molding dies for being formed into a container conforming to the cavity configuration of the molding dies.
- 4. A method of manufacturing a labeled article as set forth in claim 2 or 3, wherein during the process of heat shrinking the tubular label fitted over the preformer die, one end of the label is shrunk along an end portion of the preformer die which is formed to a size and shape conforming to the size and shape of an inner bottom portion of the molding die, whereby to create inwardly oriented bends at one end of the label, said bends being positioned at the bottom of the molded syn-

thetic resin as a container.

- 5. A labeling preformer apparatus comprising a preformer die including an outer periphery contoured to the size and shape conforming to at least the inner periphery of the molding die, and a label heating device for heating and shrinking a tubular label fitted over said preformer die.
- 6. A labeling preformer apparatus as set forth in claim 5, wherein the preformer die is cyclically movably mounted on a conveyor, and wherein the conveyor is so arranged that the preformer die can be turned upside down at a location downstream of the position of a label heating device so that the label fitted over the preformer die and heated and shrunk by the label heating device is allowed to fall into the molding die disposed under the conveyor.

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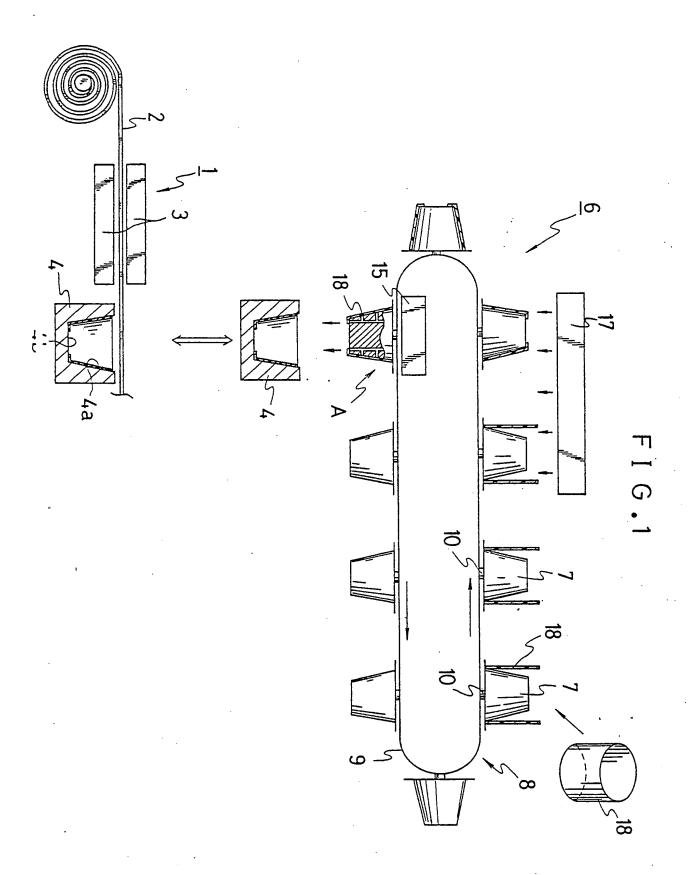


FIG.2(a)

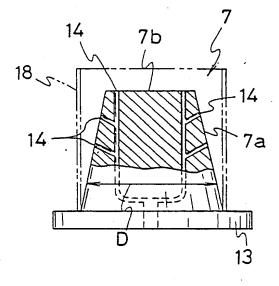
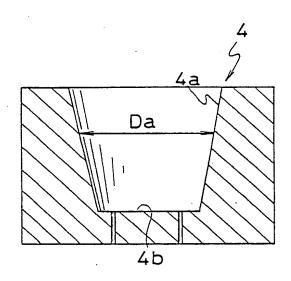


FIG.2(b)



F I G . 3 (a)

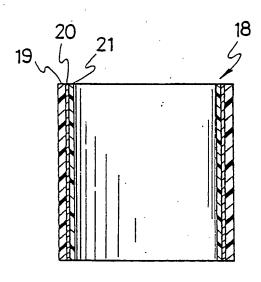
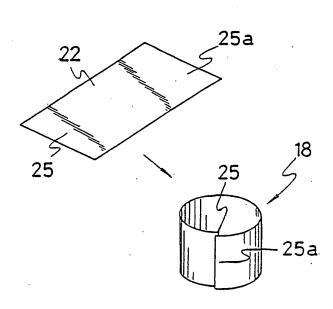
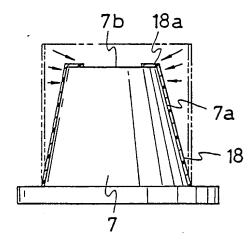


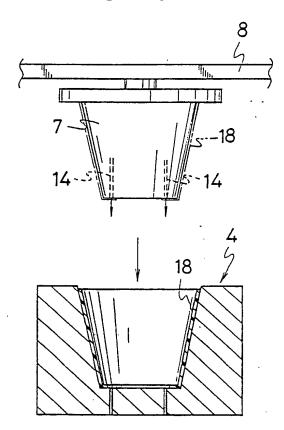
FIG.3(b)



F I G . 4



F I G .5



F I G .7

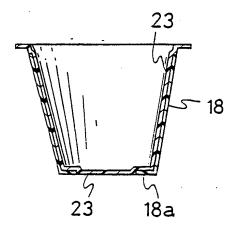


FIG.6(a)

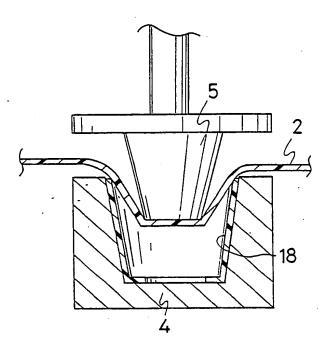
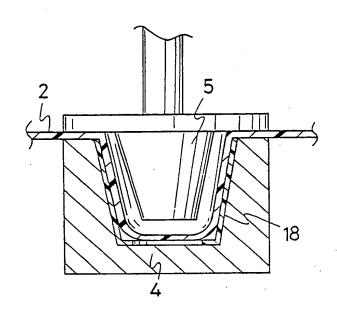


FIG.6(b)



F I G .6 (c)

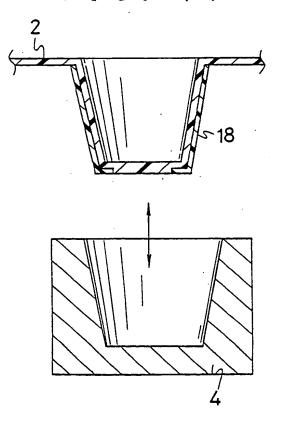


FIG.6(d)

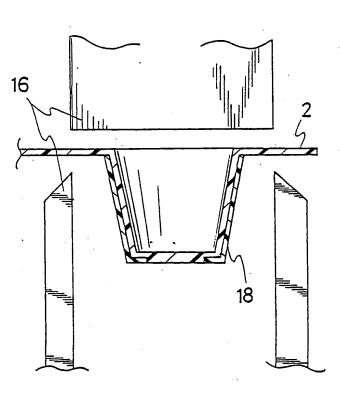
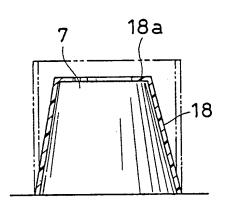


FIG . 8 (a)

FIG.8 (b)



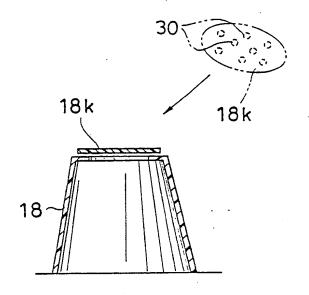
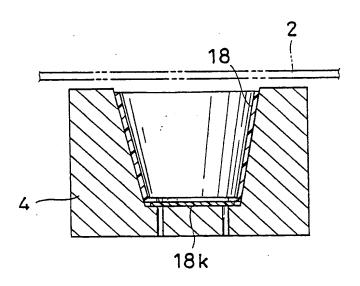


FIG.8 (c)

FIG .8 (d)



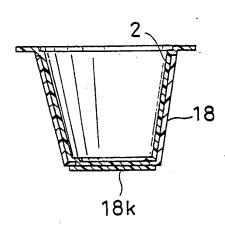


FIG.9 (a)

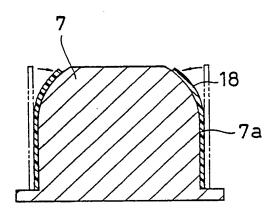


FIG . 9 (b)

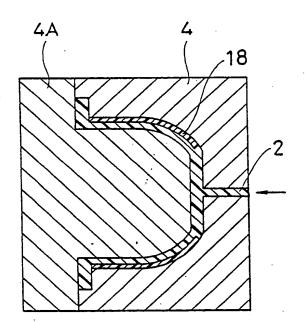


FIG . 9 (c)

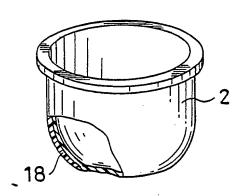


FIG. 10 (a) PRIOR ART

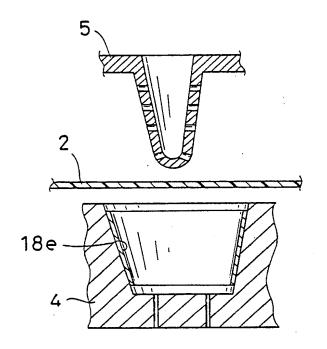


FIG.10 (b) PRIOR ART

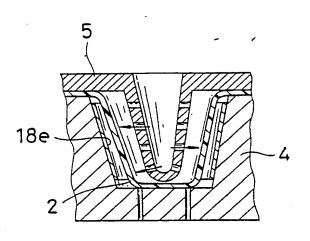


FIG.11 PRIOR ART

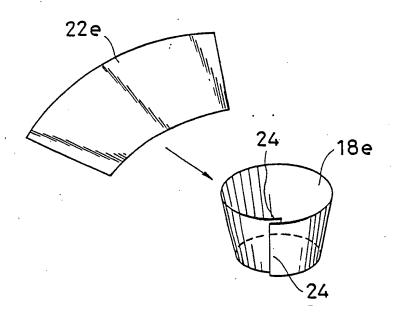


FIG . 12

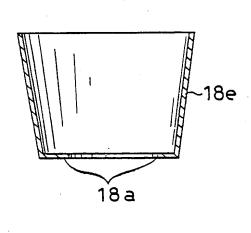


FIG . 13 (a)

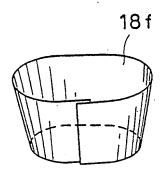


FIG . 13 (b)

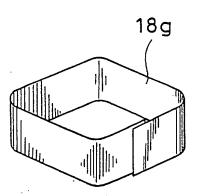
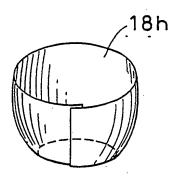


FIG .13 (c)





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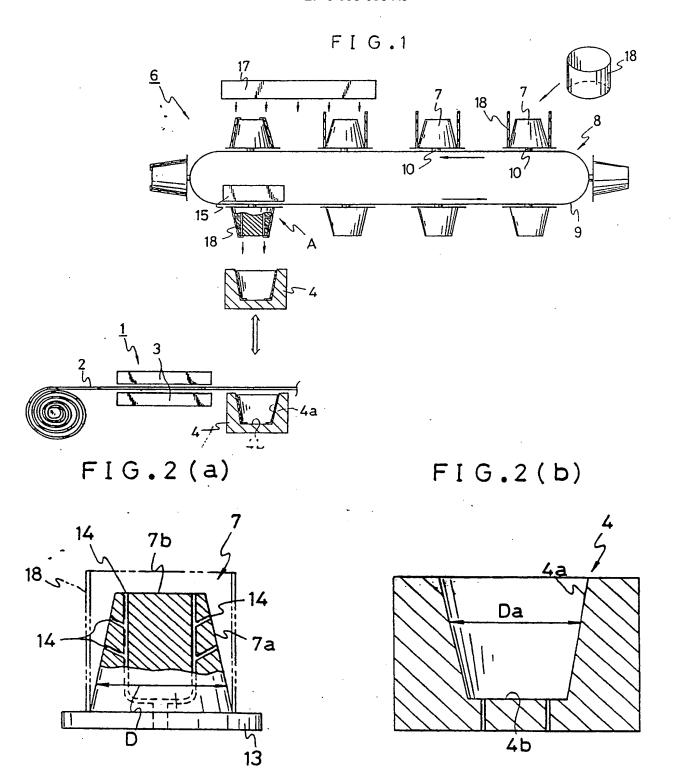
Representative: Baggiolini, Raimondo et al Patent Attorneys Fiammenghi-Fiammenghi-Racheli Via San Gottardo 15 CH-6900 Lugano(CH)

Method of manufacturing labeled objects. method of manufacturing labelled containers utilizing said method, and labeling preformer apparatus for use in carrying out the method.

The invention relates to a method of manufacturing a synthetic resin molded article, such as a container having a label affixed to the outer periphery thereof, and an apparatus for use in carrying out the method. Hitherto, it has not been easy to mold a container and simultaneously affix a label to its outer periphery integrally therewith and often it has been practically impossible to accurately and neatly such operation depending upon the shape and position of the label. The invention is intended to solve the foregoing problems with the prior art by preforming a label inserted in a molding die to the desired size

and shape by using heat shrinking means and not by mechanically bending the label or otherwise for being shaped to the size and configuration conforming to the interior of the die. The label is of a heat shrinkable material and is preformed so as to conform to the inner configuration of the molding die and to serve for the reinforcement of the container. A labelling preformer apparatus comprising a preformer die and a lebel heating device is employed for this purpose. Label preforming and labeled container manufacturing may be carried out continuously by employing a conveyor.

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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

EP 90 81 0310

egory		h indication, where appropriate, vant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. CI.5)
X	FR-A-2 209 657 (SEKISUI KASEIHIN KOGYO K.K.) Figures 1,2,8,9,11; claims 1-6,8; page 5, line 21 - page 6, line 10; page 7, lines 17-33; page 10, line 9 - page 11, line 3		5,6	B 29 C 51/16 B 29 C 61/02
Y	page 12, lines 20-33; page 13, lines 13-21 *		1-4	
Y ,	FR-A-2 229 612 (R.J.G. TI * Figures 1-7; claim 8; page page 6, line 1; page 6, line lines 9-31; page 12, lines 2-	1-4		
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X	DE-B-1 266 956 (DUNLOF * Column 2, line 49 - column	1-3		
А	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF (M-108)[892], 27th January & JP-A-56 133 120 (MITSU * Abstract *	1,4		
Α	DE-A-2 250 638 (OWENS-ILLINOIS INC.) * Claims 1,2,18,20; figures 6-10 *		1,4	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.5)
Α	DE-A-3 409 249 (H. HAGNER) * Figures 1-4; page 6, paragraph 3; page 10, paragraphs 3,4,5 *		1,4	B 29 C
Α	FR-A-2 110 231 (AIRFIX II * Figures 1,9-11; claim 1; pa - page 3, line 26 *	3		
Α	DE-A-2 547 814 (MASCHINENFABRIK RISSEN GmbH) * Claim 1; page 10, paragraph 4; page 12, paragraph 1 *		1,2	
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Place of search Date of completion of search			-	Examiner
	The Hague	22 July 91	1	KOSICKI T.R.

CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS

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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 90 81 0310

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	The present search report has been drawn up for all claims				
	Place of search The Hague	Date of completion of	Search		
Y: p A: t O: n	CATEGORY OF CITED DOCU particularly relevant if taken alone particularly relevant if combined wit document of the same catagory technological background non-written disclosure ntermediate document		E: earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D: document cited in the application L: document cited for other reasons a: member of the same patent family, corresponding document		